



Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования

**Российская академия народного хозяйства и государственной службы
при Президенте Российской Федерации**

Олимпиада школьников РАНХиГС

Заключительный этап

Класс: 11

Профиль: ИНОСТРАННЫЙ (АНГЛИЙСКИЙ) ЯЗЫК

Фамилия: ЕРВАНДЯН

Имя: АРИНА

Отчество: СТЕПАНОВНА

Страна: РОССИЙСКАЯ ФЕДЕРАЦИЯ

Регион: МОСКВА

ВСЕГО СТРАНИЦ

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ПОДПИСЬ УЧАСТНИКА



ВАРИАНТ 2

1. a. 1. work 2. push 3. idea 4. game

1. b. And the first thing is passion / Freeman Thomas says / "I'm driven by my passion" TED-sters do it for love / they don't do it for money / Carol Coletta says / "I would pay someone / to do what I do" And the interesting thing is / if you do it for love, the money comes anyway!

1. c. 1. The sentence would highlight that this is exactly the speaker who is driven and not anybody else

2. The sentence would exaggerate the amount of motivation that the speaker has for doing something

3. Stressing words emphasizes the main key points and pausing makes oral information easier to understand

Task 2

1. I would change the way that I brush my teeth. It's a repetitive task which consumes way too much of my time. In my opinion, a robot should live in my mouth and freshen up everything there.

2. My parents divorced when I was a kid and that's why I believe that the only person I should rely on while making decisions is myself. After all, neither my wife nor my kids don't have a degree in STEM.

3. I tell them to look me up on the Internet and study my ups and downs because I would have gone crazy repeating the same things over and over again for 6 times! They're ~~not~~ not banned from the Internet,



are they?

4. It's like Jenga: you miss one part and everything falls. I ensure that it remains a priority by providing my employees all things they need to work continuously. I'm serious: from heated floor to group anime watchings.

5. What public criticism? ~~Every~~ Almost everyone in the world loves me and my inventions. If they don't, they can cry in the pillow about it. Of course, there are some setbacks in my work but it's all part of the process.

6. Technically, I shouldn't give any pieces of advice to young entrepreneurs because if I give away my cards too soon, they will take over my place on the market. It's not quite profitable for the business.

Task 3

1. Unless conflicting priorities are resolved, organizational productivity will significantly decrease.

"Unless" is used here to make the sentence more formal and it contains the meaning "If not".

2. Communication is an essential skill of the success in the modern workplace.

"Communication" is placed as the subject of the sentence because it ~~is~~ contains the main gist ~~of the sen. It serves as a spe~~ This word should be highlighted by tone as it is the core of the information given.



3. There is a global shift toward occurring values in a societal sustainability.

The construction "There is" serves as the indicator of something mentioned later happening in a certain place. This indicator is always to be put first as it is grammatically correct.

4. To thrive, organizations must embrace calculated risk-taking.

The infinitive is used here at the beginning to emphasize the main goal that is to be achieved. This would catch one's attention.

5. Were not it for the technological advancements, this task would be impossible.

Second conditional is used here. It implies that without today's inventions the given task would be unattainable. It implies a situation which is real and happening today but would not if some conditions are changed. It could have possibly happened but didn't due to some conditions.

Task 4

1. At home

Neil's unemployment was acknowledged by his relatives after six months.



2. A handle

Maggie is bipolar as she ^{tends to} ~~goes~~ nuts without any reason to.

3. B take legal action

Because of ~~ran~~ the conflict between me and my neighbour about limits of possession, the latter one decided to resolve it with government's help.

4. B continuously

Without any stopping downpoured it last night.

5. C essential

You cannot ^{cook} ~~do~~ without the ~~other~~ most important components

6. D light

Tara, as an easy-going person, is already ^{preparing for a trip} ~~backpacking~~ to India.

7. D hit

It was written all over Ralph's face when you referred to his soon retirement.



8. A run

Simon is alive and kicking after having been treated for six months in a hospital.

9. C Plunge

In sight of hard economic situation, ~~my~~ many people don't risk starting their own companies.

10. D posted

If something comes up concerning observation details, you will know about it immediately.

Task 5

4A; 2B; ¹/~~7~~C; 8D; 3E; 10F; 6H; ~~11~~; ^G9~~11~~; 5L; 7K

1. Extract ^F~~11~~

purpose: to explain how to assemble the chair.

~~For~~ Audience: for those who bought the product

Language features: imperative; no description words; easy to understand

2. Extract E

purpose: to make someone laugh

Audience: a friend

Language features: such word patterns used only in oral speech (e.g. Imagine the scene) to catch one's attention; unexpected ending that should ~~make~~ be fun.



3. extract H

purpose: to tell a story

Audience: readers

Language features: descriptive words (lurked; darkness); built tension and oppressing atmosphere

4. extract J

purpose: to share a meme

Audience: a friend

Language features: the construction "couldn't stop laughing" indicates that the speaker and the listener are friends and they know each other social networks; meme - informal

5. extract A

purpose: to raise people's spirit

Audience: crowd

Language features: "We" as all people (the spirit of the community); outlook for the future (kids) to make many adult parent (targeted audience in the crowd that is likely to vote) think of the speaker as a very attentive one

6. extract L

purpose: to report business situation on the market

Audience: entrepreneurs

Language features: vocabulary for businessmen such as "stock market" and "traditional industries"; formal language

Task 6



Fallacy 1; sentence 2:

explanation: banning cars is not the only way to solve the given problems. People can use electric cars since they make less pollution.

improved sentence: Consequently, many argue that banning cars in the city centers may result as a possible way to solve these problems.

Fallacy 2; sentence 3

explanation: cars are not the main reason for air pollution in cities, there are also ~~factories~~ ^{manufacturers} and public ~~transport~~ ^{means of transport}.

improved sentence: Cars are one of the reasons for air pollution in cities, as they emit harmful gases that damage the environment.

Fallacy 3; sentence 5

explanation: banning cars would not completely eliminate air pollution because there ~~is a great chance of~~ ^{are} many other creators of it for instance, ~~planes that take off~~ ^{every day}.

improved sentence: Therefore, banning cars would help to eliminate the air pollution but not completely and make cities cleaner.

Fallacy 4, sentence 7

explanation: there is also public transport that can cause accidents. To add more, ^{both} pedestrians and cyclist can make ^{trouble} a lot of.

improved sentence: for instance, if cars were banned, there would be less accidents, ensuring more safety for pedestrians and cyclists.



Fallacy 5, sentence 9

explanation: banning cars would result in many inconveniences for city dwellers such as a need to ride for work early and private transport.

improved sentence: As a result, banning cars would ~~transform~~ ^{make} city centers more peaceful and safe ~~not~~ but not the most convenient places for everyone.

Fallacy 2, sentence 11

explanation: banning cars is not undeniably the best way to solve the problems since there are other ways. for example, making electric cars.

improved sentence: Some may oppose the ban for a good reason and that's why we should see find other options to make our cities cleaner.

